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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/581,402	06/12/2000	TETSUNORI FUJISAWA	2000_0562A 7196			
·	590 12/08/2003	EXAMINER				
WENDEROTH LIND & PONACK 2033 K STREET NW			FREDMAN, JEFFREY NORMAN			
SUITE 800	21 IAM		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20006		1634			
			DATE MAILED: 12/08/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Α	Application No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		C	09/581,402	_	FUJISAWA ET AL.				
		E	xaminer		Art Unit				
			effrey Fredma		1634				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 October 2003</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
- /									
Disposition of Claims									
4) Claim(s) 23-28 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 23-28 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.									
Applicati	on Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.									
Attachment				1					
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pap		5) 🗀	Interview Summary (Notice of Informal Pa Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Status

In view of the new claims, which are drawn to new groups, a restriction requirement is necessary. Upon election, the next action will be a Final action, since this restriction and the subsequent action are necessitated by Applicant's amendment.

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

Groups 1-34

Claims 23-25, drawn to enzyme inhibitor compounds.

classified in class 435, subclass 69.2, where each separate

compound in claims 23-25 represents a different group.

Groups 35-68

Claims 26-28, drawn to methods of disease treatment,

classified in class 514, subclass 1, where each separate

compound in claims 23-25 represents a different group.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions in Groups 1-34 and in Groups 35-68 are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the products can be used for treatment methods as in Groups 35-68, in enzymatic assay methods or in purification of matrix metalloproteinase assay methods.

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3. Inventions in Groups 1-68 are also related as different matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors. Each of these compounds is structurally distinct from one another, without a shared core structure. For example, the first compound comprises an acetimidoyl-L-lysine group while the second compound comprises a aminomethyl-L-phenylalanine compound. These share no common structural features other than the additional groups linked to the substructures. This is even more clearly seen by comparing other group members, some of which further differentiate the structure by having methylsuccinyl or 3-(m-carboxyphenyl)propylsuccinyl groups linked to the base structure. Thus, each inhibitor is distinct, would require a distinct search and lacks any common core structure.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the Groups are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing that each Group is an obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention. The central question in this restriction is whether these compounds are obvious one over another, such that if one compound was issued, would a double patenting rejection be appropriate over the other compounds. Currently, there is no evidence or admission that these are obvious variants on the record, so that such a double patenting rejection would currently be inappropriate.

4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction

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for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Also, because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each Group is distinct, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

5. A telephone call was made to Warren Cheek on December 2, 2003 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

- 6. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 7. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

 Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance,

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whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey Fredman whose telephone number is currently 703-308-6568. In mid January, 2004, when TC 1600 relocates to the new USPTO

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facility in Alexandria, the examiner's phone number will become 571-272-0742. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 703-308-1119. The supervisor's new telephone number in mid January will be 571-272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is currently 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0196.

Jeffrey Fredman Primary Examiner Art Unit 1634